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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/533,939	07/01/2005	Hendricus Antonius Hoogland	294-217 PCT/US 8051	
	7590 01/10/2008 & BARON, LLP		EXAMINER	
6900 JERICHO TURNPIKE SYOSSET, NY 11791			NGUYEN, THUKHANH T	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1791	•
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			01/10/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary	10/533,939	HOOGLAND, HENDRICUS ANTONIUS				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Thu Khanh T. Nguyen	1791				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tirr ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become AB ANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 Oc	<u>ctober 2007</u> .	•				
·—	This action is FINAL. 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-16 is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>14-16</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-13</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers		•				
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		,				
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
		•				
	•	· .				
Attachment(s)		•				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 7/11/05.	6) Other:					

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Applicant's election without traverse of group I, claims 1-13 in the reply filed on October 29, 2007 is acknowledged.

Specification

2. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: the specification should not refer to the claims by number (page 1, lines 13; page 4, lines 7) because the number of the claim could be changed during the prosecution process.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 1-3, 6-8 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Oda (4,647,274).

Oda teaches a molding apparatus, comprising a male (12) and a female (11) mold part, wherein one of the mold part is movable between an open position and a first and second closed positions to form mold cavities having different sizes (col. 2, lines 49-64) by a cylinder (5).

Although Oda teaches the purpose and the sequence of moving the mold plate are different than that of the current application. However, this is the intended use of the apparatus, and cannot be used to determine the patentability of the apparatus claims. Claims directed to apparatus must be distinguished from the prior art in terms of structure rather than function. In re

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Dankly, 263 F.2d 844, 847, 120 USPQ 528, 531 (CCPA 1959). "[A]apparatus claims cover what a device *is*, not what a device *does*." Hewlett- Packard Co. v. Bausch & Lomb Inc., 909 F.2d 1464, 1469, 15 USPQ2d 1525, 1528 (Fed. Cir. 1990). (Emphasis in original) It has been held that a functional limitation asserted to be critical for establishing novelty may, in fact, be an inherent characteristic of the prior art. The applicants is required to prove that the subject matter shown in the prior art does not necessarily possess the characteristics relied on. *In re Schreiber*, 128 F. 3d 1473, 1478, 44 USPQ 2d, 1432 (Fed. Cir. 1997); See also, In re Spada, 911 F 2d 705, 708, 15 USPQ 2d 1655, 1658 (Fed. Cir. 1977); In re Best, 562 F. 2d 1252, 1255, 195 USPQ 430, 433 (CCPA 1977); and Ex Parte Gray, 10 USPO 2d 1922, 1925 (Bd. Pat. App. & Int. 1989).

In regard to claims 2-3, wherein the apparatus further comprises an injector (2) connected to an injection port (24) located on the male member (12) for supplying molding material to the mold cavity (16).

In regard to claims 6-8, wherein the movable male mold part (12) is movable to different positions by a cylinder (5), which is equivalent to the pressure member and is connected to the male mold support member (4) and positioned around the male mold part (Fig. 2, 4-5, 12).

In regard to claim 12, wherein the male mold (12) is capable of moving from a first position to a second position or a first to a second distance (h₂, h₁) when the mold is closed.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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6. Claims 4-5, 9-11 and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Oda (4,647,274) as applied to claims 1-3 and 6-8 above, and further in view of Brown et al (5,225,213).

In regard to claims 4-5, Oda discloses a male mold part having a frustoconical portion and a corresponding shape on the female mold part (Fig. 1). Further, the shape of the molds will depend on the shape of the desired product and one of ordinary skilled in the art would have been motivated to change the shape of the molds accordingly. There is no invention in merely changing the shape or form of an article without changing its function except in a design patent. See Eskimo Pie Corp. v. Levous et al., 3 USPQ 23 and In re Dailey, 357 F.2d 669, 149 USPQ 47 (CCPA 1966).

In the alternative, Brown et al disclose an apparatus for differential pressure forming articles, comprises a pair of upper and lower mold plates (20, 22) each having a plurality of male and female molds (28, 94); wherein the male mold (94) having a frustoconical shape and the female mold having a corresponding shape (Fig. 7).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the applicant's invention was made to modify Oda by providing the molds having frusto conical shape as taught by Brown in order to form product having a cup shape.

In regard to claims 9-11, Brown further discloses each male and female mold pair having a stripper ring (112) operatable by the spring (124). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the applicant's invention was made to modify Oda by providing a plurality of stripper rings around each pair of male and female molds as taught by

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Brown in order to shape the edge of the products after being formed by the male mold part and the female mold part.

In regard to claim 13, it would also have been obvious to one of ordinary skilled in the art to replace Oda with mold having a multi-cavity shape as taught by Brown in order to form a plurality of products at the same time. Further, the court held that mere duplication of parts has no patentable significance unless a new and unexpected result is produced. *In re Harza*, 274 F.2d 669, 124 USPQ 378 (CCPA 1960).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Thu Khanh T. Nguyen whose telephone number is 571-272-1136. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday- Friday, 7:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gupta Yogendra can be reached on 571-272-1316. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

TN

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